# Modifying a table from a function or subroutine

# Introduction

There are times when it is required for a C program to modify a table from a subroutine.

This will probably look trivial to experienced programmer, but it took me a while to figure it out. The main difficulty I encountered was that many of the example available on the web are at best incomplete and sometimes downright wrong.

So this is a brief note for me and others wanting to do this.

An example would be a routine that reads a page in an EEPROM and store it in a table.

# **Declaration**

C functions must be declared. Here it is.

```
void EEPROM_read_p (unsigned int addr, unsigned char size, unsigned char a[]);
```

a[] is just an arbitrary name indicating a table (here of unsigned char) to the compiler.

#### **Variables**

```
unsigned char EEPbuff[32]; // for EEPROM page operations and other multiple byte transfers
```

# **Definition**

Here is a routine performing page read on an EEPROM.

```
void EEPROM read p(unsigned int addr, unsigned char size, unsigned char a[])
 unsigned char msb, lsb, myi;
  lsb = addr \& 0x00ff;
  msb = addr >> 8;
  size -=1;
                  // read 0 to size -1 with ACK
  Send I2C Start();
  Write_I2C(EEP | WRITE);
  Write_I2C(msb); //Hi address
  Write_I2C(lsb); //L0 address
  Send_I2C_Start(); //
  Write I2C(EEP | READ);
  for (myi = 0; myi < size; myi++){</pre>
      a[myi] = Read_I2C(ACK); // read 0 to size -1 with ACK
  a[size] = Read I2C(NAK); // read last byte with NAK
  Send_I2C_Stop();
}
```

# Call

```
EEPROM_read_p (0x0000, 32, EEPbuff);
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```